NCADA Honored by BBB for Exceptional Business Practices

In August, the St. Louis area Better Business Bureau (BBB) honored NCADA with a 2013 TORCH Award for exceptional ethical business practices and customer service.

The BBB presented the TORCH Awards at a luncheon on Thursday, Oct. 24, at the Chase Park Plaza. Stephen M. R. Covey, author of business bestseller The Speed of Trust, was the keynote speaker, and KSDK news anchor Art Holliday emceed the event.

Joe Schmelzle, chairman of the BBB board said, "This year’s TORCH Award winners... consistently exceed consumer expectations. They are stellar examples of commitment and service that we should all emulate."

We are proud, honored and humbled to be selected for such a prestigious award and we are grateful to the BBB for recognizing us.

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6 Bobette Figler Honored Tributes and Contributions

NCADA will offer four different ethics workshops between January and August of 2014. The courses are approved by the Missouri Substance Abuse Credentialing Board and the State Committee for Social Workers.

January 10: Ethics Too
This workshop reviews codes of ethics for social workers and substance abuse professionals, and guides participants through an ethical decision-making process.

March 5: Ethics yoU
This workshop explores priorities that drive ethical decisions and includes a self assessment to examine your approach to decision making.

April 3 (also offered on August 12):
Ethics–A Matter of Perspective
In this class participants will identify strategies to address ethical dilemmas and develop commitment and competency in ethical decision making.

June 24: Ethics I...
Wondering what to do when stuck between a rock and a hard place? This class will familiarize you with accepted ethical decision-making principles and practices.

All workshops will be held at NCADA’s main office, 8790 Manchester Road. Detailed information on class times, credits, and content is available at ncada-stl.org.
When we think of Richard Nixon and losing wars, we think about Vietnam. But in 1971 Nixon declared two other wars.

In June of 1971 Nixon declared war on cancer. The War on Cancer was designed to put an end to the dreaded disease by the country’s bicentennial, 1976. Nixon knew that it had taken nearly ten years to put a man on the moon, so he figured it would only take half that time to cure just one disease.

But it turned out to be a lot harder to cure cancer than to build a 6-million-pound rocket, put three men inside, bring it to a speed of 17,432 mph, orbit the earth for long enough to initiate a translunar injection and slingshot the crew out of this planet’s gravitational pull to a tiny spot on an unexplored orb 238,000 miles away and then bring them home alive.

Though we’ve been spending billions of dollars, using our best minds and the power of both government and university researchers to cure cancer, surprisingly little progress has been made. We’ve made great strides in some childhood cancers and we’ve been able to screen for and identify some cancers earlier, but once we’re diagnosed with it, cancer is still killing us at about the same rate as it was in 1971. This is, by any objective measure, a disappointment.

As if cancer wasn’t enough, Nixon declared a second war in 1971. He declared war on drugs.

The little-known fact is that Nixon first declared war on drug abuse and addiction. Fully two-thirds of the money and effort was going to be directed towards improving treatment. But polls indicated that this would make him look “soft on crime” so he changed course and declared war on drugs. The War on Drugs did not spend billions to find better ways to treat addiction or search for a cure. Instead, Nixon initiated a massive police action to cut off the supply of illegal drugs coming into this county. Today, 40 years later, we’ve made little progress.

Aside from their disappointing results, the War on Cancer and the War on Drugs didn’t seem to have much in common. One poured money into research for treatment, the other poured money into interdiction and tried to cut off the supply of illegal substances.

But neither war attempted to address the problem before it started; neither focused on prevention.

Now, we know better.

We know that the best way to reduce cancer deaths is to prevent the disease from ever occurring. Simple changes in diet, exercise and sun exposure will do more to reduce cancer deaths than advances in radiation, surgery or medication. But the money spent on prevention still pales in comparison with the money spent on new drugs and medical research.

We also know that we will never effectively fight drug abuse and addiction by focusing on the supply side. We must focus on the demand side—on prevention. Drugs will always be available and alcohol is ubiquitous. To reduce the enormous social costs associated with drugs we need to change the attitudes of our youngest citizens and do everything we can to help kids postpone their first use. If we can delay the onset of drug use until after the age of 21—until the developing brain is better able to withstand the powerful neurochemical changes that occur with the use of consciousness-altering drugs, including alcohol and nicotine—we will see a decrease in addiction and alcoholism.

This is why over 75% of NCADA’s annual budget is devoted to prevention—it is, without question, the most important thing we do. And even though we are the region’s largest provider of school-based substance abuse prevention programming and even though we work with over 65,000 kids every year, it’s not enough.

Because today, 40 years after the War on Drugs began, we know that central battleground is neither a poppy field in Afghanistan nor a meth lab in Missouri. It’s in the hearts and minds of our children.

And until we prevail there, we can’t win.
2013 Youth Prevention Leadership Conference

On August 1-2 at the Drury Plaza Hotel, more than 200 students and their adult sponsors showed how powerful and influential our kids can be.

At the 23rd annual NCADA Prevention Leadership Conference, “The Hero in YOuth,” students gained education and awareness of substance abuse issues and also learned about empowerment—that they really can make a difference through volunteer efforts. During the conference, students had the opportunity to learn about volunteer opportunities and put their talents to work on a number of worthwhile projects.

NCADA invited a variety of interesting local and nationally-known keynote speakers to the conference, among them Marshall the Miracle Dog and his owner Cyndi Willenbrock, author of the nationally-acclaimed children’s book, Marshall the Miracle Dog; Simone Bernstein, founder of VolunTEENnation; Jordan Connell, of TEAM314; and Talia Leman, CEO of RandomKid.org. All the presenters inspired the kids to reach beyond themselves, expand their comfort zone and give back to the community.

Participants chose from 23 different educational and engaging breakout sessions which focused on a variety of topics including tobacco, leadership training, bullying, effects of drugs on the body and brain, internet safety, self-esteem, suicide prevention, and marijuana and dating issues.

All participants were excited to return to a full 24-hour format. The students and adult sponsors were able to stay overnight, enjoy the facilities, forge some valuable friendships and participate fully in all of the social, service, and banquet activities. From the Presidential Service Awards to hamming it up in the photo booth, everyone had a great time late into the evening.

Our thanks to the many heroes and expert presenters who worked so hard to help make the 2013 “Hero in YOuth” conference a success. And special thanks to the heroes who participated and are helping to spread the important work of substance abuse prevention in their schools and communities.

CALENDAR

Nov. 15 RSC Tobacco Training. To register or for more information contact Danna Squires at 314.962.3456 or dsquires@ncada-stl.org

2014 Ethics Workshops (See article on page 1)

Jan. 10 Ethics Too
March 5 Ethics yoU
April 3 Ethics-A Matter of Perspective
June 24 Ethics L
Aug. 12 Ethics-A Matter of perspective

St. Louis Coalition on Addictions Meetings and Speakers

Nov. 13 Connie Fisher, Mental Health of America of Eastern Missouri, “Care of Self/Care of Others”
Dec. 11 Julie Leicht, “What’s New at the St. Louis County Children’s Service Fund?”

Coalition meetings are open to anyone interested in learning about addiction, and offering networking opportunities for those who work in the addictions field. Meetings are held the second Wednesday of each month from noon to 1:00 at NCADA, 8790 Manchester Road, Brentwood 63144. Lunch is served, and one contact hr. CEU certificates are available ($3). No RSVP is necessary.

St. Louis Coalition on Addictions is a service of NCADA.

Students experience the challenges and rewards of interlocking strategies

Participants enjoy fun activities as they find the superhero inside themselves.
E-cigarette Use Doubles Among U.S. teens

Last year, 10% of high school students say they tried e-cigarettes, up from 4.7% in 2011, according to the National Youth Tobacco Survey released Thursday by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

A doubling also occurred among U.S. middle school students saying they’ve experimented with e-cigarettes — from 1.4% to 2.7% — and similar spikes in teen usage were found in the 2013 Florida Youth Tobacco Survey.

“The increased use of e-cigarettes by teens is deeply troubling,” CDC Director Tom Frieden said in announcing the findings. “Many teens who start with e-cigarettes may be condemned to struggling with a lifelong addiction to nicotine and conventional cigarettes.”

The CDC survey comes as the federal government is expected to announce, as early as October, its plan to regulate these battery-powered devices as tobacco products. E-cigarettes heat a solution containing nicotine, which is derived from tobacco leaves, into a vapor that users inhale. While they don’t have the myriad chemicals of regular cigarettes, they still provide a nicotine kick.

The annual survey found that while most teens who say they’ve used e-cigarettes also report using regular cigarettes, one in five middle school students who’ve tried the former say they’ve never tried the latter.

“This indicates that e-cigarettes could be a gateway to nicotine addiction and use of other tobacco products,” says Matt Myers, president of the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids. He blames this upswing on slick new marketing, which enlists celebrities including Jenny McCarthy, Stephen Dorff and Courtney Love for the pitches.

“These ads portray e-cigarette use as an act of rebellion, much like cigarette ads have done,” Myers says, adding they undercut efforts to de-glamorize smoking to kids.

Groups Urge Government to Reconsider Stance on Marijuana

A letter written by groups including Project SAM (Smart Approaches to Marijuana), the Drug Free America Foundation and the National Association of Drug Court Professionals, urged the Department of Justice to reconsider its announcement that it will allow Colorado and Washington to carry out their new recreational marijuana laws.

The letter notes the department listed eight law-enforcement priorities that, if violated, will trigger federal action in legalization states. The groups ask how the department will determine if a violation has occurred. “Precisely how many additional underage marijuana users, marijuana-related driving injuries and fatalities, marijuana-related school dropouts, and other marijuana-related public health and safety consequences will be required to trigger federal intervention?” the groups asked.

Alison Holcomb, Drug Policy Director at the American Civil Liberties Union of Washington, who wrote Washington’s marijuana initiative, said the state’s law requires periodic evaluation of harm that results from marijuana use.

Research suggests that a primary marker of good outcomes is the length of involvement one has with treatment. For this reason I remain hopeful that ACA coverage will rely on evidence-based models of care and, when appropriate, provide extended inpatient and residential options as well as short-term detox/outpatient care.

As always, the devil is in the details and I’m hoping the details will be positive. To make it more likely that the ACA will enable expansion and restructuring of substance abuse treatment, I encourage everyone to contact your representative and make your voice heard. Too many politicians are assuming resistance to the ACA is what their constituents want, when in fact this may not be the case.

Daniel K. Duncan is associate executive director of NCADA. dduncan@ncada-stl.org

by Daniel K. Duncan

The basic premise and goal of the ACA will be to provide some level of health insurance coverage to the 37 million Americans who currently have none.

For those who don’t receive health insurance from their employer, another way to provide it will be through state-run “exchanges.” By expanding the risk pool to significantly more people (including those who are young and healthy) premiums will be considerably more affordable. Because Missouri has refused to construct its own exchange, the federal government will now be required to design and administer it, leaving the type and extent of coverage unknown; “type and extent” is a critical element of any healthcare insurance program.

The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act, passed in 2008, requires that behavioral healthcare insurance benefits be equal to physical healthcare benefits. Though its implementation has been spotty and inconsistent to date, there is reason to believe that—finally—under the Affordable Care Act, substance abuse will receive greater attention and, more importantly, improved coverage.

While there is room for cautious optimism, I and others remain concerned that the ACA will rely too heavily on a managed care model which, especially in the substance abuse treatment field, has historically withheld as much care as it’s offered. Though a managed care plan may provide substance abuse treatment to more people, my concern is the type of care might still be insufficient.

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From usatoday.com

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From drugfree.org

by Daniel K. Duncan

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Daniel K. Duncan is associate executive director of NCADA. dduncan@ncada-stl.org
A Founding Father Passes

Every organization has a founding group of supporters – unsung heroes who put in long hours to turn vision into reality. Gary Ferguson was one of the visionaries who helped create the agency that is now the NCADA-St. Louis Area.

Gary passed away in July of this year, but his service to our organization and St. Louis is not forgotten.

With determination and dedication, Gary helped establish NCADA from the ground up, slogging through the legal red tape required of non-profits. He coined the phrase “A Place to Turn” to describe our mission—four words that have been NCADA’s credo for nearly fifty years.

Serving as Board President from 1966 to 1970, Gary helped NCADA expand its mission and reach. During a long career as a public relations consultant, he not only helped NCADA, but advanced numerous civic projects. Gary was passionate about improving the community in which he lived.

NCADA was built on the determination and dedication of people like Gary Ferguson, and we remain profoundly grateful for their efforts.

Red Ribbon Week, observed during the last week of October, is the nation’s oldest and largest drug prevention program. The week honors DEA agent Enrique Camarena, who gave his life fighting illegal drugs, and raises awareness about substance abuse prevention.

During September, NCADA sponsored four Red Ribbon Youth Leadership trainings to assist local schools in their preparation for this special week. The theme of this year’s trainings, “The Hero in Me is Drug Free,” underscored the goal of helping young people develop the leadership and resiliency skills needed to make intelligent choices about alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (ATOD).

Separate trainings were conducted in Franklin, St. Louis, Jefferson, and St. Charles counties, with over 650 students taking part. They participated in hands-on activities and learned the latest information about ATOD issues. Students and their adult leaders were given resources for implementing Red Ribbon Week activities in their own schools and communities.

To learn more about Red Ribbon Week, visit ncada-stl.org or contact Lori Krueger at lkrueger@ncada-stl.org or 314.962.3456.
Bobette Figler and Raja. Bobette was honored as a 2013 Missouri Mental Health Champion.

The Missouri Mental Health Foundation honored NCADA counselor Bobette Figler with a 2013 Mental Health Champion award. Each year three Missourians who have overcome extraordinary challenges are chosen from public nominations and honored at the foundation’s banquet. This year’s banquet was held in Jefferson City.

Bobette was cited as an outstanding example of an individual who has overcome and risen above considerable adversities, including addiction. Bobette entered treatment as a young woman and today has overcome and risen above considerable adversities, including multiple sclerosis and myasthenia gravis, and spent ten years of her life bedridden. However, for the past thirteen years, Bobette, with the assistance of her support dogs, has regained her ambulatory ability, and with her work at NCADA helps others take the next step toward wellness.

MEMORIALS
Robert Kem Byrd
Howard & Susan Weissman
Jason Culture
Alison Allman & Robert McCool
Lois Daniels
Gwyn Harvey
David Meiselman
Linda Springman
Andrew Eagles
Jeffrey & Amy Cooper
Peter & Leslie Cusanelli
Adrienne Eagles
Debbie Fark
Larry & Natalie Goldman
Matthew Harrison
Robert & Phyllis Keuler
F.W. & J.P. Livingston
Caleb Richardson
Barb Sutton
Michael & Janet Wayjleca
Gary Ferguson
Phil & Kay Roush
Nick Gore
Eileen Bell
Patti Loud
Kristine Neal
Gregory & Jacqueline Schiners
Kristine A. Toennies
Glen Jarvis
Tim Mickelson
NCADA Staff
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Andrew Jones
Dale Gerstenkorn
Susan Gerstenkorn
Leah Hercules
Matthew Roller

Billy Kolen
Barry & Darlene Bikhoum
Thomas & Jenny Marx
Curt & Lori Marr Hennenberg
Allen Sherstman
Sanford & Maia Sherman
Bob & NJ Sturrone
Justin Losche
Terri Losche
Tommy McIntyre
Barbara McIntyre
Kaytie McIntyre
Kristen McIntyre
Sarah McIntyre
Shona McIntyre
Nathan Mickelson
Glenn Cheng & Elizabeth O’Brien
Tony Rancilio
Jodi Thomas
Joan P. Williams
John & Lois Wind
BJ Richardson
Lorrie Atkins & Don Johnson
Pam Boudrea
Jimmy Castelli
Anthony & Rosemary Elfrink
Kurt & Joan Frischman
Paul & Suzanne Geering
David & Kimberly Hoehn
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Amanda Purdum
Tim Rupp
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Stanley Wright
James & Joan Young

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Lennis Harrison
Nicky Vigna
Anthony & Mary Aubuchon
Sharon Duncan Joyce
Carol Pelzien
Pamela Spillman
Mark & Nancy Vigna
Vance & Gee Vigna
Mary Beth Willats

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Kayla Farr
Tyler Brummett & Sean Rice
Robin Bruce
William Cabral
Michael Cabral
Kevin Cherkas
Tim & Jacqueline Pentman
Jimbo DeLashmett
Larry Morton
Kyle Friend
Scott Friend
Doug Geiger
Jessica Geiger
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Catherine Shaw Connolly
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Carol Grosz & Debbie Rackas
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Melissa Townsend
Harriet Kopolow
Tom & Trish Goldberg
Amanda Kunderer
Michelle Kunderer
Tommy McIntyre
Nicole Schepker
Tony Rancilio
Melissa McCulloch
Kay Roush
David & Jennifer Jones
Steven Windes, Jr.
Cathy Windes

INDIVIDUALS
Rhonda Appel
Renee Becker
Judith Beiger
Jeanne Boden
JoAnn Boock
Veronica Boxx
Leonora Brandon
Debbie Brums & Chip Miller
Pamela Brown
Marjorie Burstein
John Colligan
Aaron Davidson
Reva Davis
Bev Edelson
Adrienne Eagles
Karen Foster
Maxine Friedman
Elia Glickert
Susan Grossman
Robert Gulino
Gail Hawkins
Judith Heil
Geraldine Heller
Rita Heymann
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Margaret Israel
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Christopher Kallai

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Ruth Marion
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Tod O’Donoghue
Sylvia Powes
Linda Roberson
Albert Rose
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Mark & Martha Schenaman
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Jeff & Terri Schnitzer
Elaine Shampaine
Heidi Sherman
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Michael Smith
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Marilyn Wagner
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Rita Worth